MIC29150/29300/29500/29750

High-Current Low-Dropout Regulators

General Description

The MIC29150/29300/29500/29750 are high current, high accuracy, low-dropout voltage regulators. Using Micrel's proprietary Super βeta PNP® process with a PNP pass element, these regulators feature 350mV to 425mV (full load) typical dropout voltages and very low ground current. Designed for high current loads, these devices also find applications in lower current, extremely low dropout-critical systems, where their tiny dropout voltage and ground current values are important attributes.

The MIC29150/29300/29500/29750 are fully protected against overcurrent faults, reversed input polarity, reversed lead insertion, overtemperature operation, and positive and negative transient voltage spikes. Five pin fixed voltage versions feature logic level ON/OFF control and an error flag which signals whenever the output falls out of regulation. Flagged states include low input voltage (dropout), output current limit, overtemperature shutdown, and extremely high voltage spikes on the input.

On the MIC29xx1 and MIC29xx2, the ENABLE pin may be tied to VIN if it is not required for ON/OFF control. The MIC29150/29300/29500 are available in 3-pin and 5-pin TO-220 and surface mount TO-263 (D^2Pak) packages. The MIC29750 7.5A regulators are available in 3-pin and 5-pin TO-247 packages. The 1.5A, adjustable output MIC29152 is available in a 5-pin power D-Pak (TO-252) package.

For applications with input voltage 6V or below, see MIC37xxx LDOs.

Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at www.micrel.com.

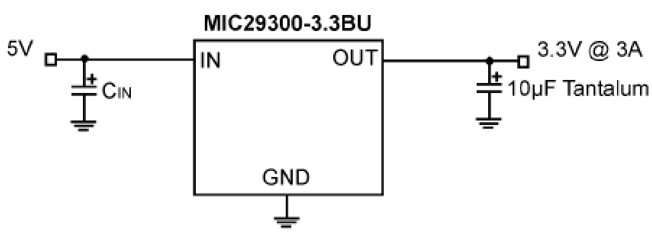
Features

- High current capability
  MIC29150/29151/29152/29153 .... 1.5A
  MIC29300/29301/29302/29303 .... 3A
  MIC29500/29501/29502/29503 .... 5A
  MIC29750/29751/29752 .... 7.5A
- Low-dropout voltage
- Low ground current
- Accurate 1% guaranteed tolerance
- Extremely fast transient response
- Reverse-battery and "Load Dump" protection
- Zero-current shutdown mode (5-pin versions)
- Error flag signals output out-of-regulation (5-pin versions)
- Also characterized for smaller loads with industry-leading performance specifications
- Fixed voltage and adjustable versions

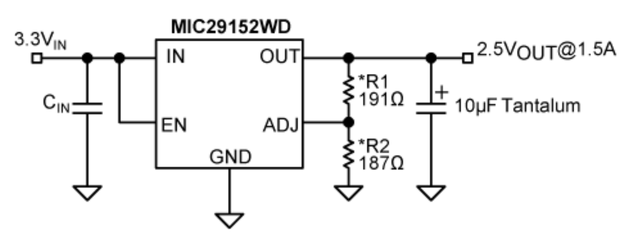
Applications

- Battery powered equipment
- High-efficiency "Green" computer systems
- Automotive electronics
- High-efficiency linear lower supplies
- High-efficiency lost-regulator for switching supply

Typical Application**



Fixed Output Voltage



Adjustable Output Voltage

(*See Minimum Load Current Section)

**See Thermal Design Section

Super βeta PNP is a registered trademark of Micrel, Inc.

Ordering Information

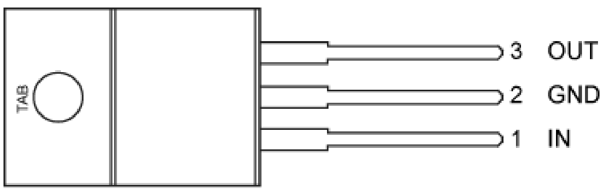
Part Number		Junction Temp. Range[1]	Voltage	Current	Package
Standard	RoHS Compliant[2]				
MIC29150-3.3BT	MIC29150-3.3WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	1.5A	3-Pin TO-220
MIC29150-3.3BU	MIC29150-3.3WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	1.5A	3-Pin TO-263
MIC29150-5.0BT	MIC29150-5.0WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	1.5A	3-Pin TO-220
MIC29150-5.0BU	MIC29150-5.0WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	1.5A	3-Pin TO-263
MIC29150-12BT	MIC29150-12WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	12	1.5A	3-Pin TO-220
MIC29150-12BU	MIC29150-12WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	12	1.5A	3-Pin TO-263
MIC29151-3.3BT	MIC29151-3.3WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	1.5A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29151-3.3BU	MIC29151-3.3WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	1.5A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29151-5.0BT	MIC29151-5.0WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	1.5A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29151-5.0BU	MIC29151-5.0WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	1.5A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29151-12BT	MIC29151-12WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	12	1.5A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29151-12BU	MIC29151-12WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	12	1.5A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29152BT	MIC29152WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	1.5A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29152BU	MIC29152WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	1.5A	5-Pin TO-263
—	MIC29152WD[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	1.5A	5-Pin TO-252
MIC29153BT[3]	Contact Factory	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	1.5A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29153BU[3]	Contact Factory	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	1.5A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29300-3.3BT	MIC29300-3.3WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	3.0A	3-Pin TO-220
MIC29300-3.3BU	MIC29300-3.3WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	3.0A	3-Pin TO-263
MIC29300-5.0BT	MIC29300-5.0WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	3.0A	3-Pin TO-220
MIC29300-5.0BU	MIC29300-5.0WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	3.0A	3-Pin TO-263
MIC29300-12BT	MIC29300-12WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	12	3.0A	3-Pin TO-220
MIC29300-12BU	MIC29300-12WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	12	3.0A	3-Pin TO-263
MIC29301-3.3BT	MIC29301-3.3WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	3.0A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29301-3.3BU	MIC29301-3.3WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	3.0A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29301-5.0BT	MIC29301-5.0WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	3.0A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29301-5.0BU	MIC29301-5.0WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	3.0A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29301-12BT	MIC29301-12WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	12	3.0A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29301-12BU	MIC29301-12WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	12	3.0A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29302BT	MIC29302WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	3.0A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29302BU	MIC29302WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	3.0A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29303BT	MIC29303WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	3.0A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29303BU	MIC29303WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	3.0A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29500-3.3BT	MIC29500-3.3WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	5.0A	3-Pin TO-220
MIC29500-5.0BT	MIC29500-5.0WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	5.0A	3-Pin TO-220
MIC29501-3.3BT	MIC29501-3.3WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	5.0A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29501-3.3BU	MIC29501-3.3WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	5.0A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29501-5.0BT	MIC29501-5.0WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	5.0A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29501-5.0BU	MIC29501-5.0WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	5	5.0A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29502BT	MIC29502WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	5.0A	5-Pin TO-220

Part Number		Junction Temp. Range[1]	Voltage	Current	Package
Standard	RoHS Compliant[2]				
MIC29502BU	MIC29502WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	5.0A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29503BT	MIC29503WT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	5.0A	5-Pin TO-220
MIC29503BU	MIC29503WU[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	5.0A	5-Pin TO-263
MIC29750-3.3BWT	Contact Factory	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	7.5A	3-Pin TO-247
MIC29750-5.0BWT	Contact Factory	–40°C to +125°C	5	7.5A	3-Pin TO-247
MIC29751-3.3BWT	Contact Factory	–40°C to +125°C	3.3	7.5A	5-Pin TO-247
MIC29751-5.0BWT	Contact Factory	–40°C to +125°C	5	7.5A	5-Pin TO-247
MIC29752BWT	MIC29752WWT[2]	–40°C to +125°C	Adj.	7.5A	5-Pin TO-247

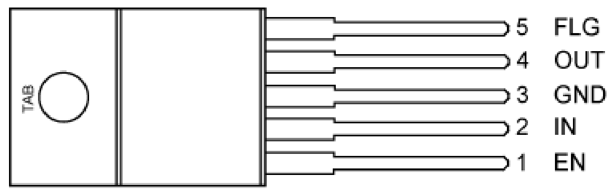
Note:

1. Junction Temperature
2. RoHS compliant with 'high-melting solder' exemption.
3. Special Order, Contact Factory

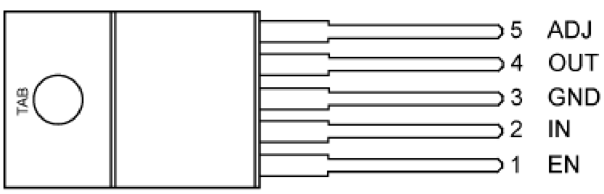
Pin Configuration



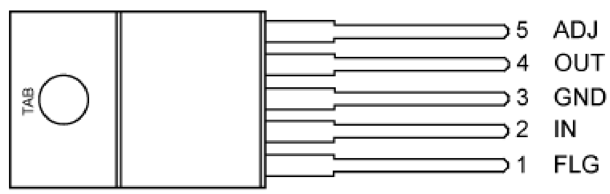
3-Pin TO-220 (T)
MIC29150/29300/29500



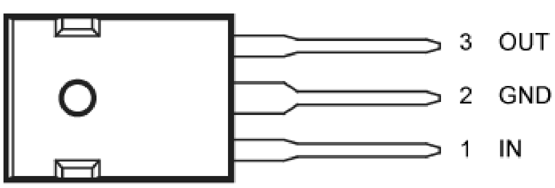
5-Pin TO-220 Fixed Voltage (T)
MIC29151/29301/29501/29751



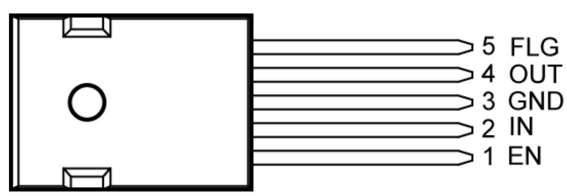
5-Pin TO-220 Adjustable Voltage (T)
MIC29152/29302/29502



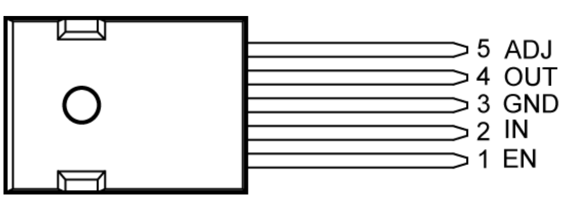
5-Pin TO-220 Adjustable with Flag (T)
MIC29153/29303/29503



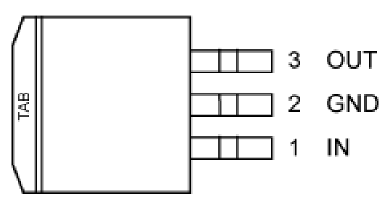
3-Pin TO-247 (WT)
MIC29750



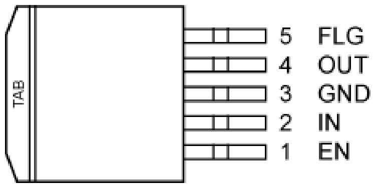
5-Pin TO-247 Fixed Voltage (WT)
MIC29751



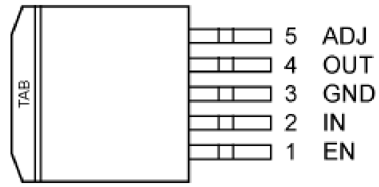
5-Pin TO-247 Adjustable Voltage (WT)
MIC29752



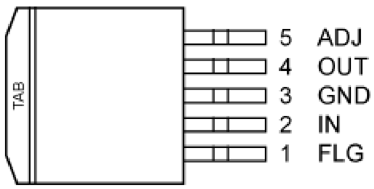
3-Pin TO-263 (D^2Pak) (UT)
MIC29150/29300



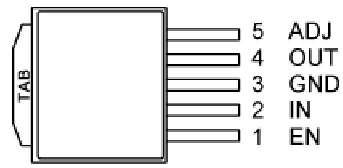
5-Pin TO-263 (D[2]Pak) Fixed Voltage (U)
MIC29151/29301/29501



5-Pin TO-263 (D[2]Pak) Adjustable Voltage (U)
MIC29302/29502



5-Pin TO-263 (D[2]Pak) Adjustable with Flag (U)
MIC29153/29303/29503



5-Pin TO-252 (D-Pak) Adjustable Voltage (D)
MIC29152

Pin Description

Pin Number TO-220 TO-247 TO-263	Pin Name
1	INPUT: Supplies the current to the output power device
2	GND: TAB is also connected internally to the IC's ground on D-PAK.
3	OUTPUT: The regulator output voltage

Pin Description

Pin Number Fixed TO-220 TO-247 TO-263	Pin Number Adjustable TO-220 TO-247 TO-252 TO-263	Pin Number Adj. with Flag TO-220 TO-247 TO-263	Pin Name
1	1	—	ENABLE: CMOS compatible control input. Logic high = enable, logic low = shutdown.
2	2	2	INPUT: Supplies the current to the output power device
3, TAB	3, TAB	3, TAB	GND: TAB is also connected internally to the IC's ground on D-PAK.
4	4	4	OUTPUT: The regulator output voltage
—	5	5	ADJUST: Adjustable regulator feedback input that connects to the resistor voltage divider that is placed from OUTPUT to GND in order to set the output voltage.
5	—	1	FLAG: Active low error flag output signal that indicates an output fault condition

Absolute Maximum Ratings[1]

Input Supply Voltage (V_{IN})[1] .... –20V to +60V
Enable Input Voltage (V_{EN}) .... –0.3V to V_{IN}
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5sec.) .... 260°C
Power Dissipation .... Internally Limited
Storage Temperature Range .... –65°C to +150°C
ESD Rating .... **Note 3**

Operating Ratings[2]

Operating Junction Temperature .... –40°C to +125°C
Maximum Operating Input Voltage 26V
Package Thermal Resistance
- TO-220 (θ_{JC}) .... 2°C/W
- TO-263 (θ_{JC}) .... 2°C/W
- TO-247 (θ_{JC}) .... 1.5°C/W
- TO-252 (θ_{JC}) .... 3°C/W
- TO-252 (θ_{JA}) .... 56°C/W

Electrical Characteristics[4,13]

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$; $I_{OUT} = 10mA$; $T_J = 25°C$, bold values indicate –40°C≤ T_J ≤ +125°C, unless noted.

Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$	–1		1	%
	10mA ≤ I_{OUT} ≤ I_{FL}, (V_{OUT} + 1V) ≤ V_{IN} ≤26V [5]	–2		2	%
Line Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$, (V_{OUT} + 1V) ≤ V_{IN} ≤26V		0.06	0.5	%
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$, 10mA ≤ I_{OUT} ≤ 1.5A [5,9]		0.2	1	%
$\frac{\Delta V_O}{\Delta T}$	Output Voltage [9] Temperature Coefficient.		**20**	**100**	ppm/°C
Dropout Voltage	ΔV_{OUT} = -1% [6]				
	MIC29150 $I_{OUT} = 100mA$		80	**200**	mV
	$I_{OUT} = 750mA$		220		
	$I_{OUT} = 1.5A$		350	**600**	
	MIC29300 $I_{OUT} = 100mA$		80	**175**	
	$I_{OUT} = 1.5A$		250		
	$I_{OUT} = 3A$		370	**600**	
	MIC29500 $I_{OUT} = 250mA$		125	**250**	
	$I_{OUT} = 2.5A$		250		
	$I_{OUT} = 5A$		370	**600**	
	MIC29750 $I_{OUT} = 250mA$		80	**200**	
	$I_{OUT} = 4A$		270		
	$I_{OUT} = 7.5A$		425	750	
Ground Current	MIC29150 $I_{OUT} = 750mA$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		8	**20**	mA
	$I_{OUT} = 1.5A$		22		
	MIC29300 $I_{OUT} = 1.5A$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		10	**35**	mA
	$I_{OUT} = 3A$		37		
	MIC29500 $I_{OUT} = 2.5A$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		15	**50**	mA
	$I_{OUT} = 5A$		70		
	MIC29750 $I_{OUT} = 4A$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		35	**75**	mA
	Note 8 $I_{OUT} = 7.5A$		120		
I_{GRNDDO} Ground Pin Current at Droupout	V_{IN} = 0.5V less than specified V_{OUT} × I_{OUT} = 10mA				
	MIC29150		0.9		mA
	MIC29300		1.7		mA
	MIC29500		2.1		mA
	MIC29750		3.1		mA
Current Limit	MIC29150 $V_{OUT} = 0V$ [7]		2.1	**3.5**	A
	MIC29300 $V_{OUT} = 0V$ [7]		4.5	**5.0**	A
	MIC29500 $V_{OUT} = 0V$ [7]		7.5	**10.0**	A
	MIC29750 $V_{OUT} = 0V$ [7]		9.5	**15**	A

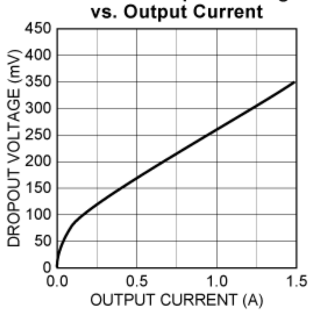
Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
e_n, Output Noise Voltage (10Hz to 100kHz) I_L = 100mA	C_L = 10µF C_L = 33µF		400 260		µV (rms)
Ground Current in Shutdown	MIC29150/1/2/3 only V_{EN} = 0.4V		2	10 **30**	µA µA
Reference	**MIC29xx2/MIC29xx3**				
Reference Voltage		1.228 **1.215**	1.240	1.252 **1.265**	V V
Reference Voltage		**1.203**		**1.277**	V
Adjust Pin Bias Current			40	80 **120**	nA
Reference Voltage Temperature Coefficient	(10)		20		ppm/°C
Adjust Pin Bias Current Temperature Coefficient			0.1		nA/°C
Flag Output (Error Comparator) MIC29xx1/29xx3					
Output Leakage Current	V_{OH} = 26V		0.01	1.00 **2.00**	µA
Output Low Voltage	Device set for 5V, V_{IN} = 4.5V I_{OL} = 250µA		220	300 **400**	mV
Upper Threshold Voltage	Device set for 5V (11)	40 **25**	60		mV
Lower Threshold Voltage	Device set for 5V (11)		75	95 **140**	mV
Hysteresis	Device set for 5V (11)		15		mV
ENABLE Input	**MIC29xx1/MIC29xx2**				
Input Logic Voltage Low (OFF) High (ON)		 **2.4**		 **0.8**	V
Enable Pin Input Current	V_{EN} = 26V		100	600 **750**	µA
	V_{EN} = 0.8V	0.7		2 **4**	µA
Regulator Output Current in Shutdown	(12)		10	**500**	µA

Notes:

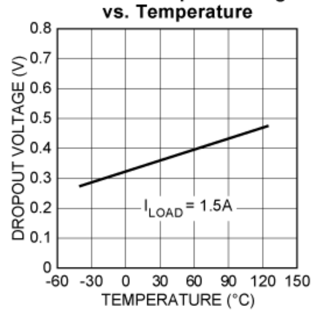
1. Maximum positive supply voltage of 60V must be of limited duration (<100msec) and duty cycle (≤1%). The maximum continuous supply voltage is 26V. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.
4. Specification for packaged product only.
5. Full load current (I_{FL}) is defined as 1.5A for the MIC29150, 3A for the MIC29300, 5A for the MIC29500, and 7.5A for the MIC29750 families.
6. Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential when the output voltage drops to 99% of its normal value with V_{OUT} + 1V applied to V_{IN}.
7. $V_{IN} = V_{OUT\ (nominal)}$ + 1V. For example, use V_{IN} = 4.3V for a 3.3V regulator or use 6V for a 5V regulator. Employ pulse-testing procedures to pin current.
8. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current. The total current drawn from the source is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.
9. Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.
10. Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a200mA load pulse at VIN = 20V (a 4W pulse) for T = 10ms.
11. Comparator thresholds are expressed in terms of a voltage differential at the Adjust terminal below the nominal reference voltage measured at 6V input. To express these thresholds in terms of output voltage change, multiply by the error amplifier gain = V_{OUT}/V_{REF} = (R1 + R2)/R2. For example, at a programmed output voltage of 5V, the Error output is guaranteed to go low when the output drops by 95mV x 5V/1.240V = 384mV. Thresholds remain constant as a percent of V_{OUT} as V_{OUT} is varied, with the dropout warning occurring at typically 5% below nominal, 7.7% guaranteed.
12. V_{EN} ≤ 0.8V and V_{IN} ≤ 26V, V_{OUT} = 0.
13. When used in dual supply systems where the regulator load is returned to a negative supply, the output voltage must be diode clamped to ground.

Typical Characteristics MIC2915x

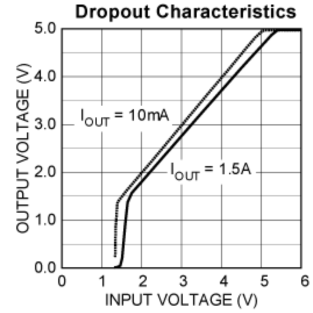
MIC2915x Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current



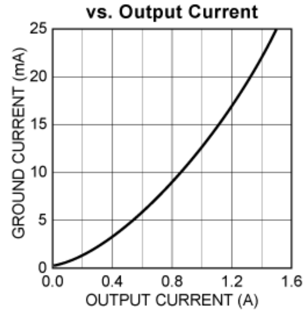
MIC2915x Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature



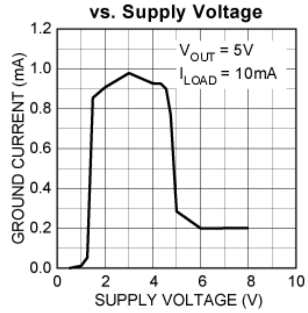
MIC29150-5.0 Dropout Characteristics



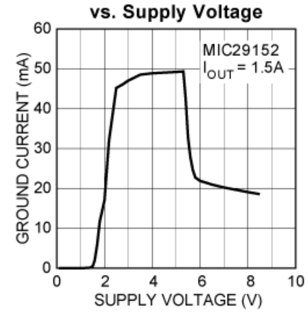
MIC2915x Ground Current vs. Output Current



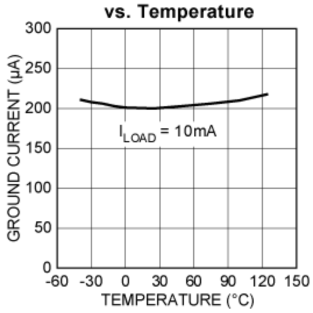
MIC2915x Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage



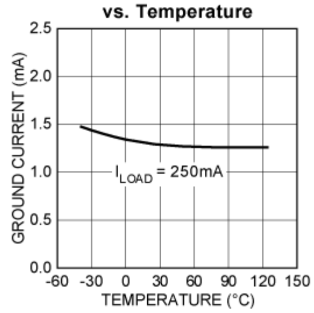
MIC2915x Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage



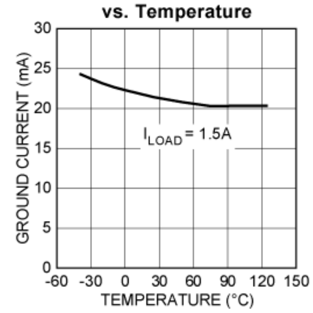
MIC2915x Ground Current vs. Temperature



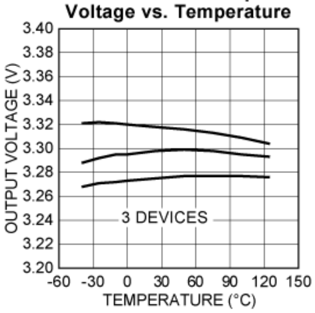
MIC2915x Ground Current vs. Temperature



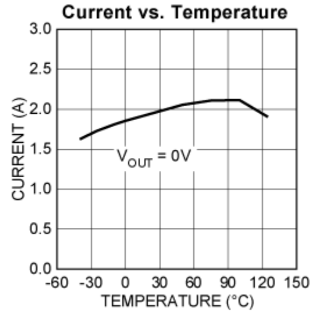
MIC2915x Ground Current vs. Temperature



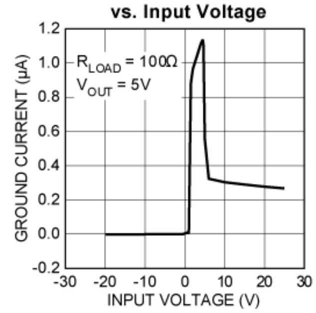
MIC29150-3.3 Output Voltage vs. Temperature



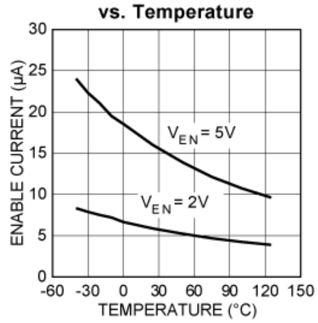
MIC29150-3.3 Short Circuit Current vs. Temperature



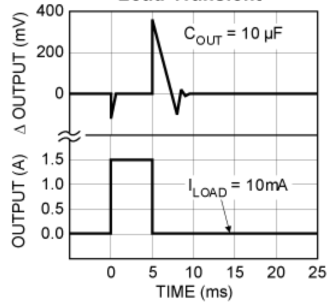
MIC2915x Ground Current vs. Input Voltage



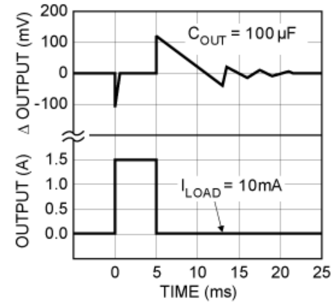
MIC29151-xx/2 Enable Current vs. Temperature



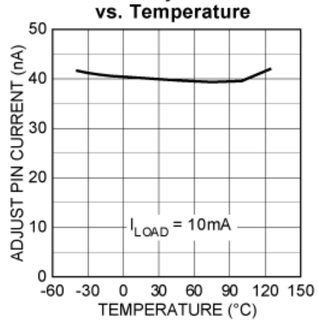
MIC2915x Load Transient



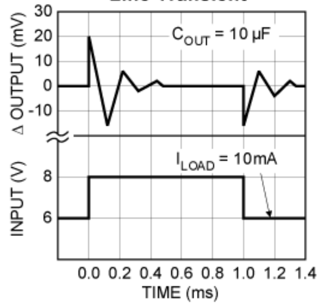
MIC2915x Load Transient



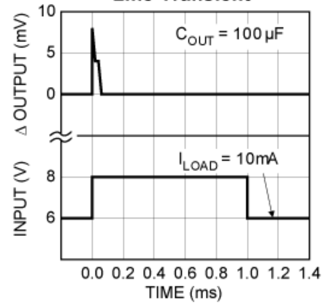
MIC29152/3 Adjust Pin Current vs. Temperature



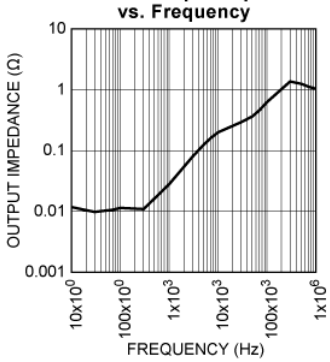
MIC2915x Line Transient



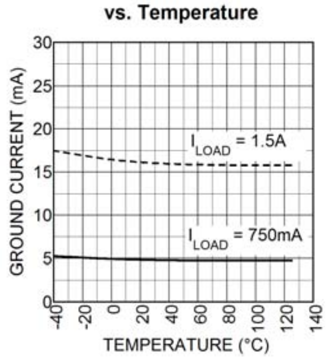
MIC2915x Line Transient



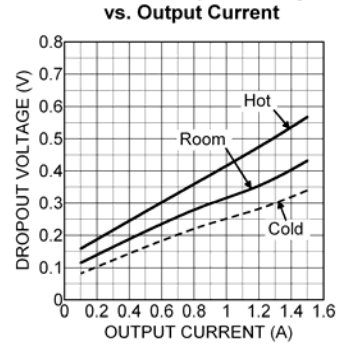
MIC2915x Output Impedance vs. Frequency



MIC29152 Ground Current vs. Temperature

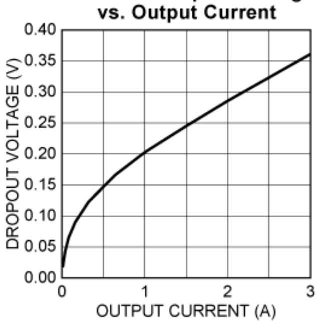


MIC29152 Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

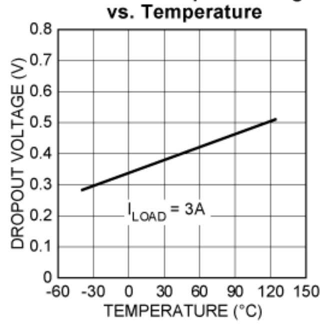


Typical Characteristics MIC2930x

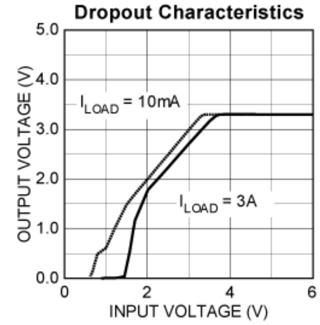
MIC2930x Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current



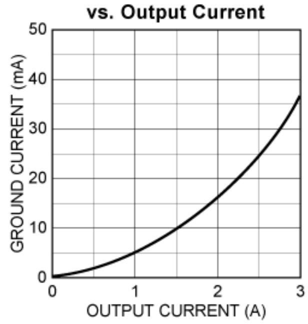
MIC2930x Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature



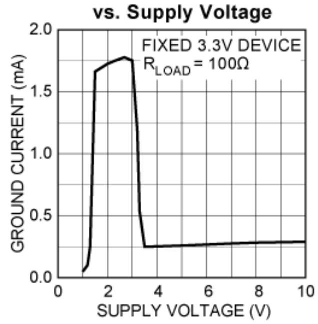
MIC29300-3.3 Dropout Characteristics



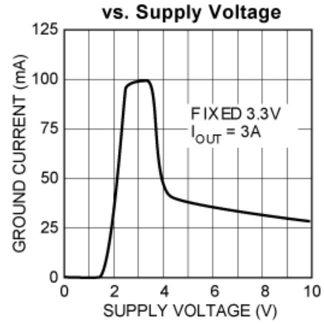
MIC2930x Ground Current vs. Output Current



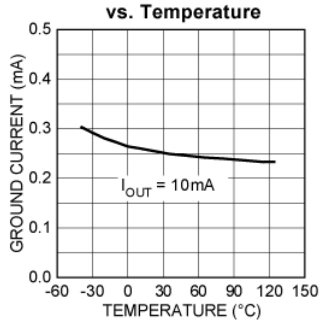
MIC2930x Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage



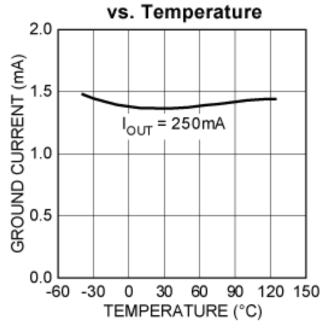
MIC2930x Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage



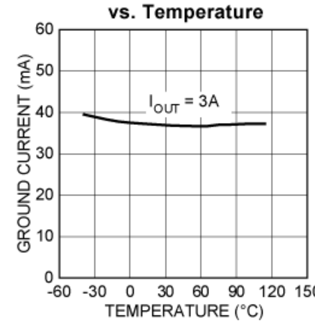
MIC2930x Ground Current vs. Temperature



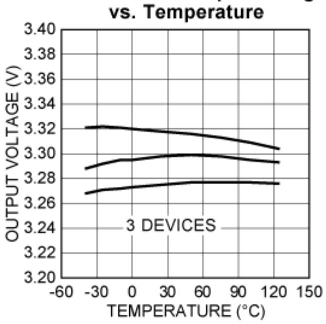
MIC2930x Ground Current vs. Temperature



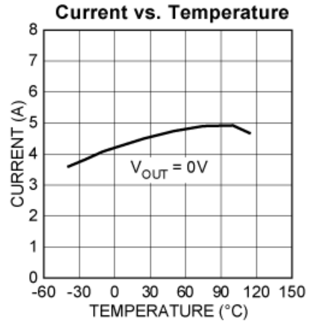
MIC2930x Ground Current vs. Temperature



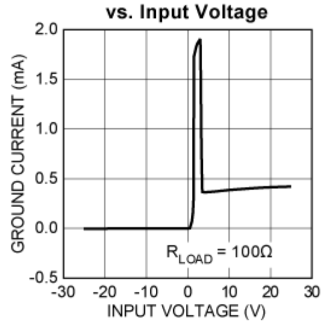
MIC29300-3.3 Output Voltage vs. Temperature



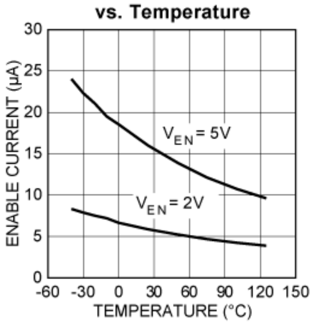
MIC29300-5.0 Short Circuit Current vs. Temperature



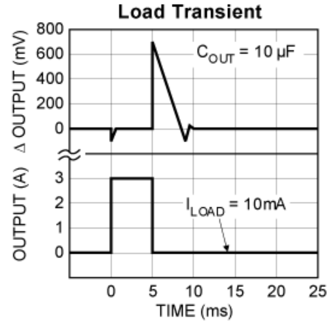
MIC2930x Ground Current vs. Input Voltage



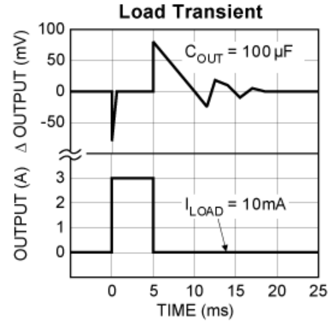
MIC29301-xx/2 Enable Current vs. Temperature



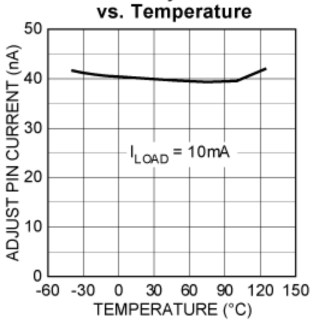
MIC2930x Load Transient



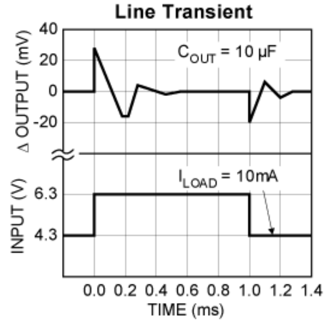
MIC2930x Load Transient



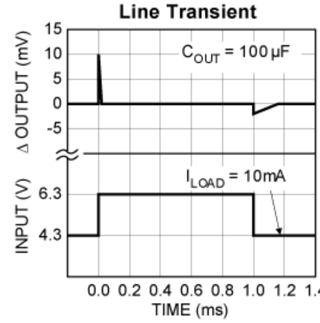
MIC29302/3 Adjust Pin Current vs. Temperature



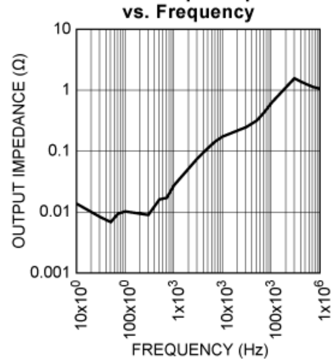
MIC2930x Line Transient



MIC2930x Line Transient

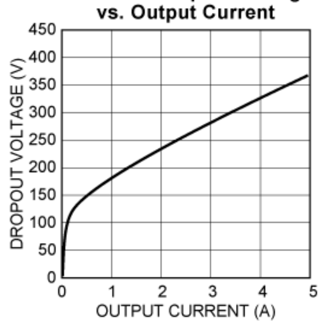


MIC2930x Output Impedance vs. Frequency

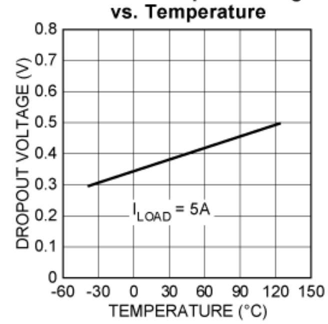


Typical Characteristics MIC2950x

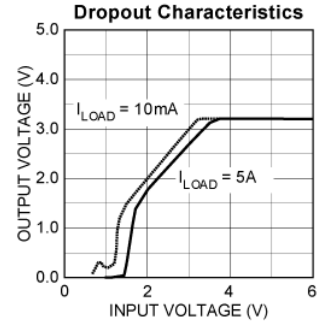
MIC2950x Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current



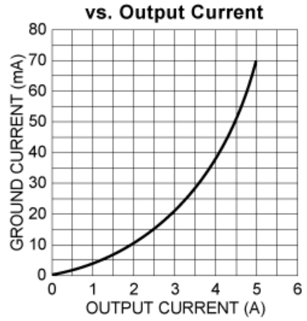
MIC2950x Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature



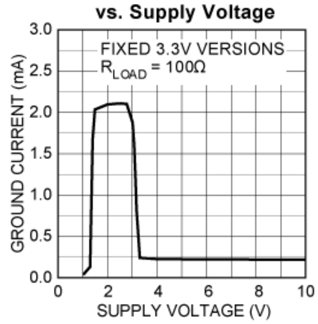
MIC29500-3.3 Dropout Characteristics



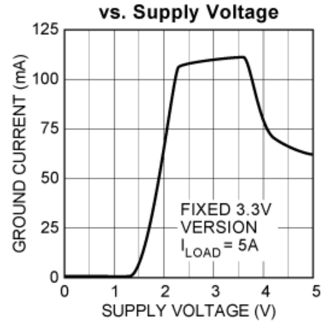
MIC2950x Ground Current vs. Output Current



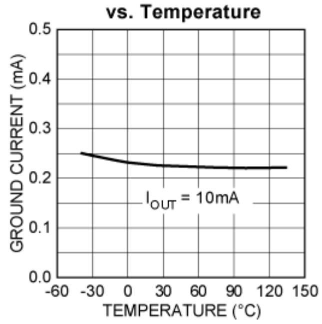
MIC2950x Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage



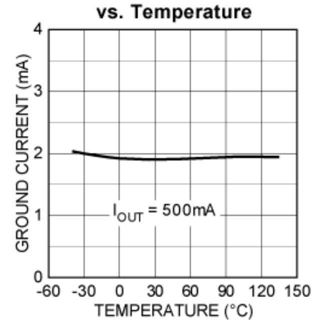
MIC2950x Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage



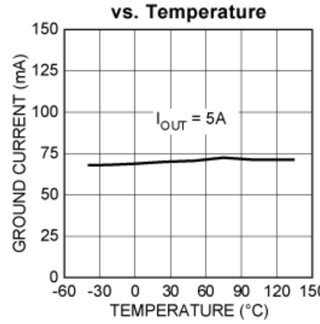
MIC2950x Ground Current vs. Temperature



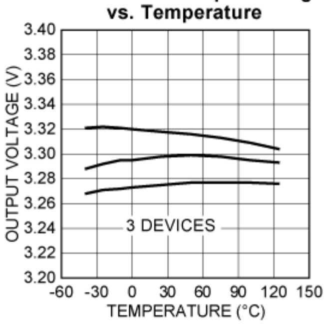
MIC2950x Ground Current vs. Temperature



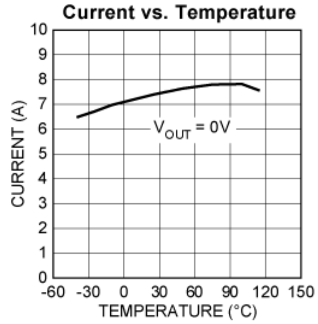
MIC2950x Ground Current vs. Temperature



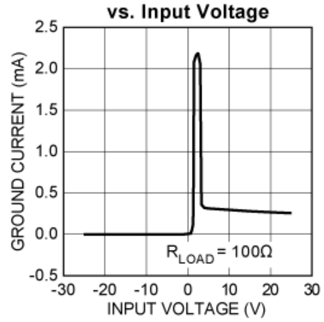
MIC29500-3.3 Output Voltage vs. Temperature



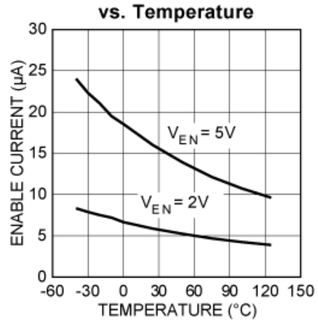
MIC2950x-5.0 Short Circuit Current vs. Temperature



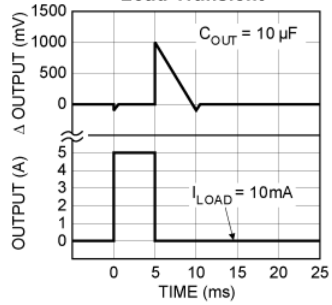
MIC2950x Ground Current vs. Input Voltage



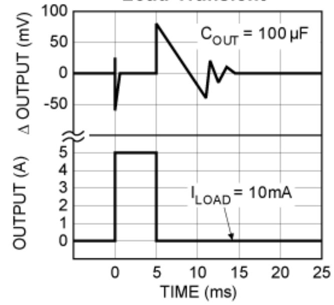
MIC29501-xx/2 Enable Current vs. Temperature



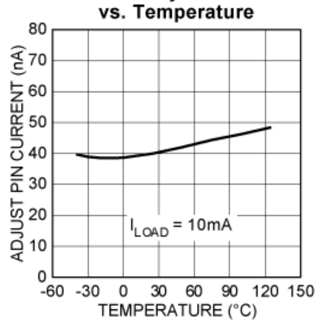
MIC2950x Load Transient



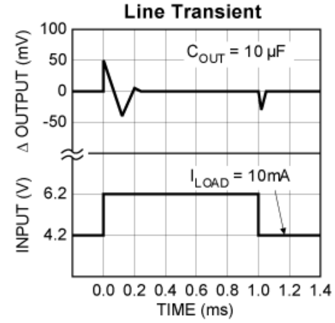
MIC2950x Load Transient



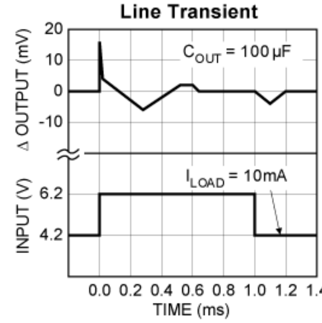
MIC29502/3 Adjust Pin Current vs. Temperature



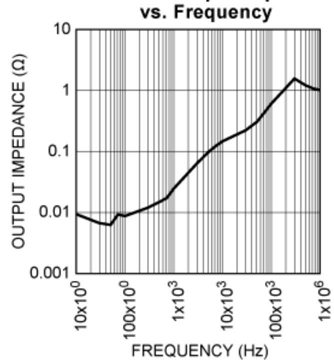
MIC2950x Line Transient



MIC2950x Line Transient

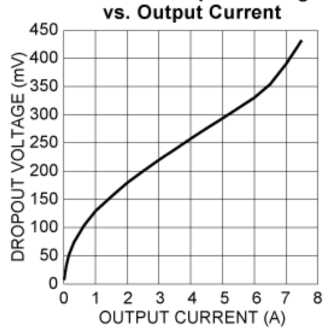


MIC2950x Output Impedance vs. Frequency

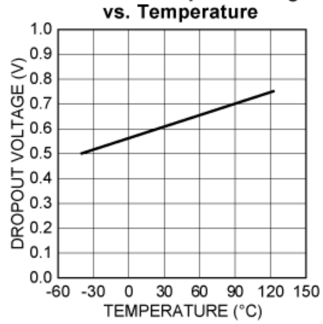


Typical Characteristics MIC2975x

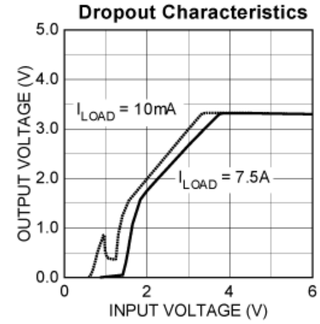
MIC2975x Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current



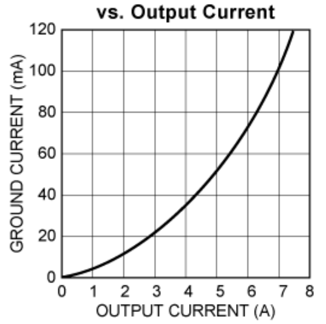
MIC2975x Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature



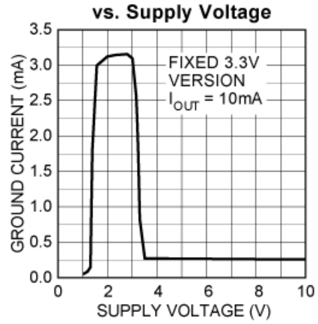
MIC29750-3.3 Dropout Characteristics



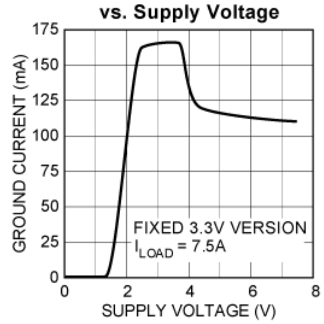
MIC2975x Ground Current vs. Output Current



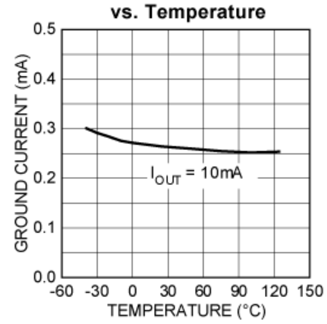
MIC2975x Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage



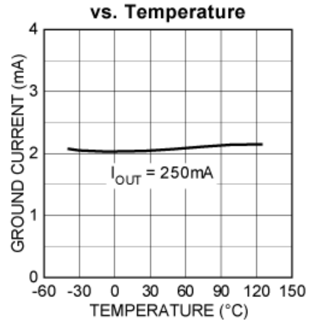
MIC2975x Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage



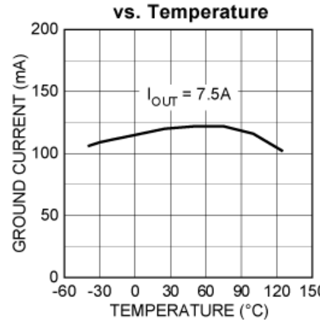
MIC2975x Ground Current vs. Temperature



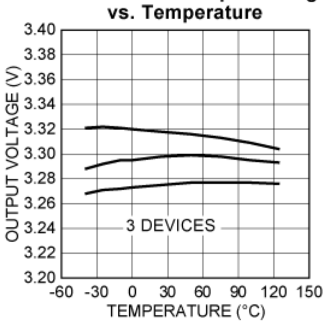
MIC2975x Ground Current vs. Temperature



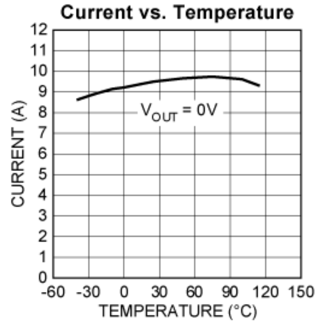
MIC2975x Ground Current vs. Temperature



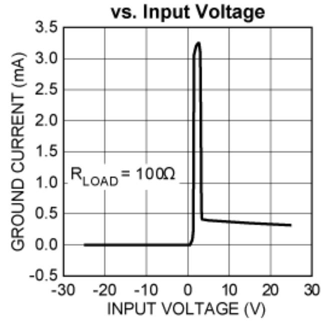
MIC29750-3.3 Output Voltage vs. Temperature



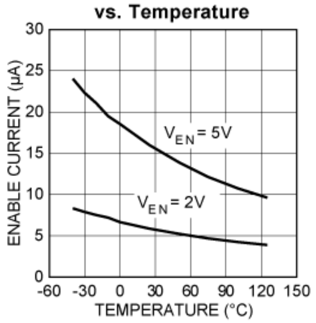
MIC29750-5.0 Short Circuit Current vs. Temperature



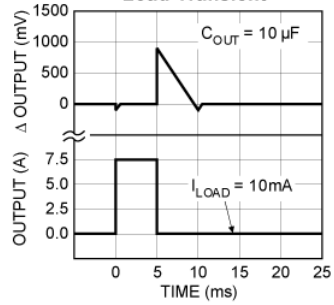
MIC2975x Ground Current vs. Input Voltage



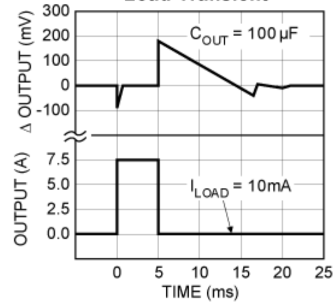
MIC29751-xx/2 Enable Current vs. Temperature



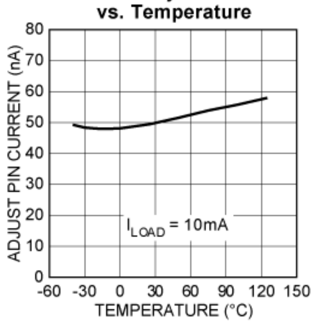
MIC2975x Load Transient



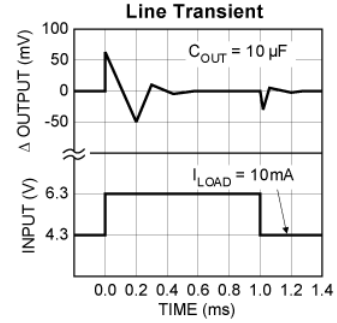
MIC2975x Load Transient



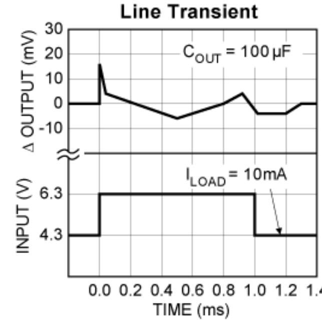
MIC29752/3 Adjust Pin Current vs. Temperature



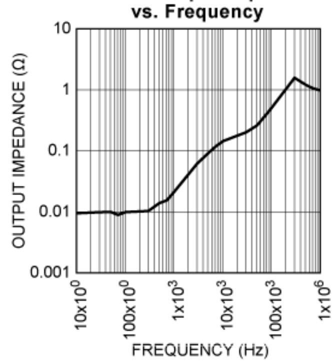
MIC2975x Line Transient



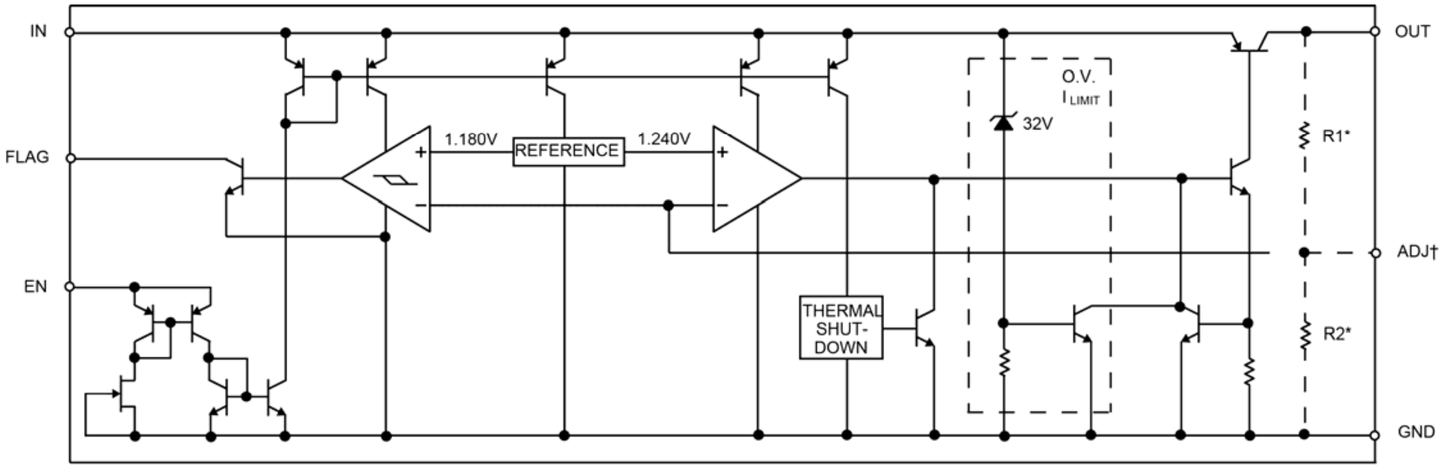
MIC2975x Line Transient



MIC2975x Output Impedance vs. Frequency



Functional Diagram



* FEEDBACK NETWORK IN FIXED VERSIONS ONLY
† ADJUSTABLE VERSION ONLY

Application Information

The MIC29150/29300/29500/29750 are high performance low-dropout voltage regulators suitable for all moderate to high-current voltage regulator applications. Their 350mV to 425mV typical dropout voltage at full load make them especially valuable in battery powered systems and as high efficiency noise filters in "post-regulator" applications. Unlike older NPN-pass transistor designs, where the minimum dropout voltage is limited by the base-emitter voltage drop and collector-emitter saturation voltage, dropout performance of the PNP output of these devices is limited merely by the low V_{CE} saturation voltage.

A trade-off for the low-dropout voltage is a varying base driver requirement. But Micrel's Super ßeta PNP® process reduces this drive requirement to merely 1% of the load current.

The MIC29150/29300/29500/29750 family of regulators are fully protected from damage due to fault conditions. Current limiting is provided. This limiting is linear; output current under overload conditions is constant. Thermal shutdown disables the device when the die temperature exceeds the 125°C maximum safe operating temperature. Line transient protection allows device (and load) survival even when the input voltage spikes between –20V and +60V. When the input voltage exceeds approximately 32V, the over voltage sensor disables the regulator. The output structure of these regulators allows voltages in excess of the desired output voltage to be applied without reverse current flow. MIC29xx1 and MIC29xx2 versions offer a logic level ON/OFF control: when disabled, the devices draw nearly zero current.

An additional feature of this regulator family is a common pinout: a design's current requirement may change up or down yet use the same board layout, as all of these regulators have identical pinouts.

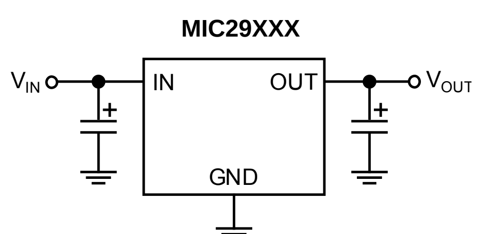


Figure 3. Linear regulators require only two capacitors for operation.

Thermal Design

Linear regulators are simple to use. The most complicated design parameters to consider are thermal characteristics. Thermal design requires the following application-specific parameters:

- Maximum ambient temperature, T_A
- Output Current, I_{OUT}
- Output Voltage, V_{OUT}
- Input Voltage, V_{IN}

First, we calculate the power dissipation of the regulator from these numbers and the device parameters from this datasheet.

$$P_D = I_{OUT}\left(1.01\,V_{IN} - V_{OUT}\right)$$

Where the ground current is approximated by 1% of I_{OUT}. Then the heat sink thermal resistance is determined with this formula:

$$\theta_{SA} = \frac{T_{JMAX} - T_A}{P_D} - \left(\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS}\right)$$

Where $T_{JMAX} \leq 125°C$ and θ_{CS} is between 0 and 2°C/W.

The heat sink may be significantly reduced in applications where the minimum input voltage is known and is large compared with the dropout voltage. Use a series input resistor to drop excessive voltage and distribute the heat between this resistor and the regulator. The low-dropout properties of Micrel Super ßeta PNP® regulators allow very significant reductions in regulator power dissipation and the associated heat sink without compromising performance. When this technique is employed, a capacitor of at least 0.1µF is needed directly between the input and regulator ground.

Please refer to Application Note 9 and Application Hint 17 for further details and examples on thermal design and heat sink specification.

With no heat sink in the application, calculate the junction temperature to determine the maximum power dissipation that will be allowed before exceeding the maximum junction temperature of the MIC29152. The maximum power allowed can be calculated using the thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) of the D-Pak adhering to the following criteria for the PCB design: 2 oz. copper and $100mm^2$ copper area for the MIC29152.

For example, given an expected maximum ambient temperature (T_A) of 75°C with V_{IN} = 3.3V, V_{OUT} = 2.5V, and I_{OUT} = 1.5A, first calculate the expected P_D using Equation (1);

P_D=(3.3V–2.5V)1.5A–(3.3V)(0.016A)=1.1472W

Next, calcualte the junction temperature for the expected power dissipation.

$T_J=(\theta_{JA}\times P_D)+T_A$=(56°C/W×1.1472W)+75°C=139.24°C

Now determine the maximum power dissipation allowed that would not exceed the IC's maximum junction temperature (125°C) without the useof a heat sink by

$P_{D(MAX)}=(T_{J(MAX)}-T_A)/\theta_{JA}$=(125°C–75°C)/(56°C/W) =0.893W

Capacitor Requirements

For stability and minimum output noise, a capacitor on the regulator output is necessary. The value of this capacitor is dependent upon the output current; lower currents allow smaller capacitors. The MIC29150/29300/29500/29750 regulators are stable with the following minimum capacitor values at full load:

Device	Full Load Capacitor
MIC29150	10µF
MIC29300	10µF
MIC29500	10µF
MIC29750	22µF

This capacitor need not be an expensive low ESR type: aluminum electrolytics are adequate. In fact, extremely low ESR capacitors may contribute to instability. Tantalum capacitors are recommended for systems where fast load transient response is important.

Where the regulator is powered from a source with a high AC impedance, a 0.1µF capacitor connected between Input and GND is recommended. This capacitor should have good characteristics to above 250kHz.

Minimum Load Current

The MIC29150–29750 regulators are specified between finite loads. If the output current is too small, leakage currents dominate and the output voltage rises. The following minimum load current swamps any expected leakage current across the operating temperature range:

Device	Minimum Load
MIC29150	5mA
MIC29300	7mA
MIC29500	10mA
MIC29750	10mA

Adjustable Regulator Design

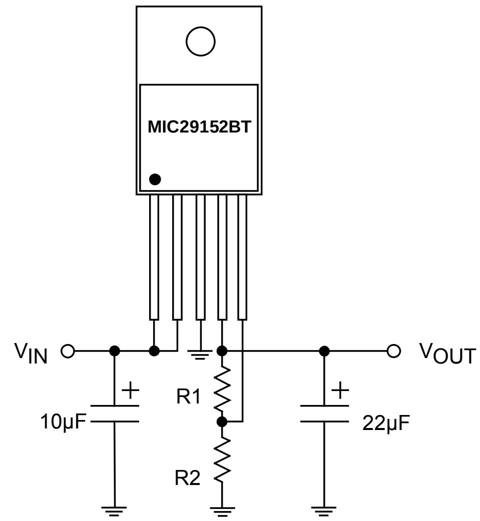


Figure 4. Adjustable Regulator with Resistors

The adjustable regulator versions, MIC29xx2 and MIC29xx3, allow programming the output voltage anywhere between 1.25V and the 25V. Two resistors are used. The resistor values are calculated by:

$$R_1 = R_2 \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{1.240} - 1 \right)$$

where V_{OUT} is the desired output voltage. Figure 4 shows component definition. Applications with widely varying load currents may scale the resistors to draw the minimum load current required for proper operation (see "Minimum Load Current" section).

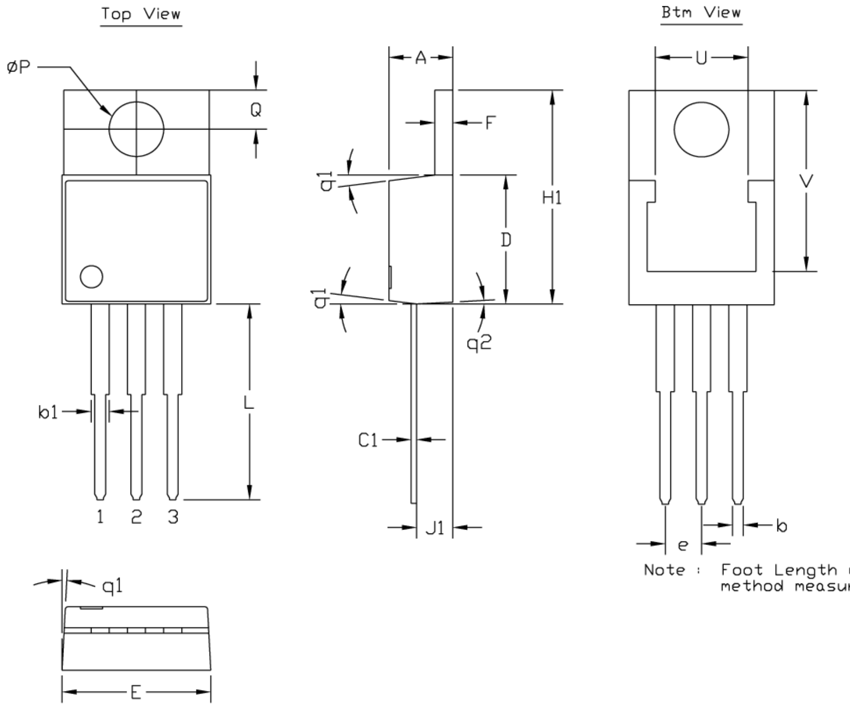
Error Flag

MIC29xx1 and MIC29xx3 versions feature an Error Flag, which looks at the output voltage and signals an error condition when this voltage drops 5% below its expected value. The error flag is an open-collector output that pulls low under fault conditions. It may sink 10mA. Low output voltage signifies a number of possible problems, including an overcurrent fault (the device is in current limit) and low input voltage. The flag output is inoperative during overtemperature shutdown conditions.

Enable Input

MIC29xx1 and MIC29xx2 versions feature an enable (EN) input that allows ON/OFF control of the device. Special design allows "zero" current drain when the device is disabled—only microamperes of leakage current flows. The EN input has TTL/CMOS compatible thresholds for simple interfacing with logic, or may be directly tied to ≤30V. Enabling the regulator requires approximately 20µA of current.

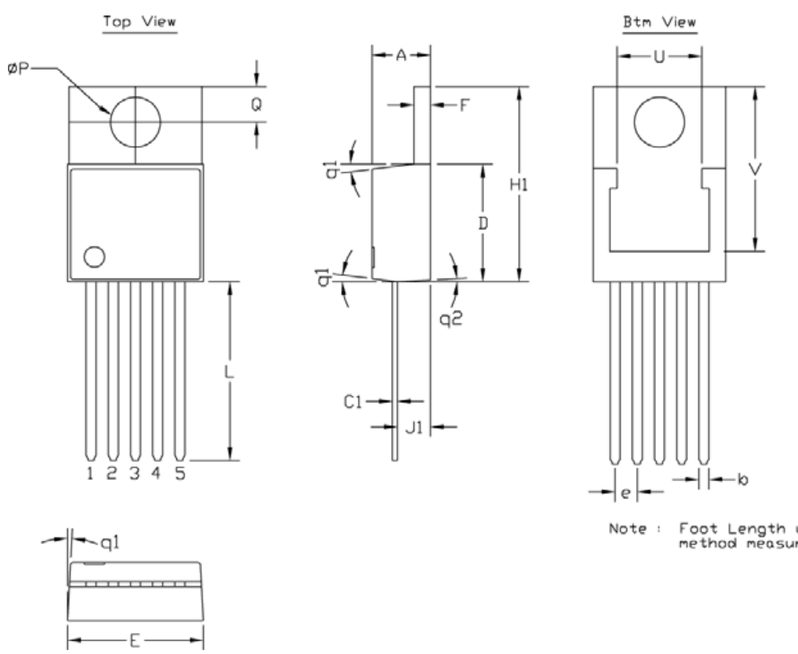
Package Information



POS	INCH	
	MIN	MAX
A	0.160	0.190
b	0.025	0.040
b1	0.045	0.060
C1	0.012	0.022
D	0.351	0.361
E	0.385	0.420
e	0.090	0.110
F	0.045	0.055
H1	0.560	0.595
J1	0.080	0.120
øP	0.146	0.156
Q	0.103	0.113
L	0.500	0.580
q1	3°	10°
q2	1°	7°
U	0.256 Ref.	
V	0.486 Ref.	

Note : Foot Length using gauge plane method measurement 0.010".

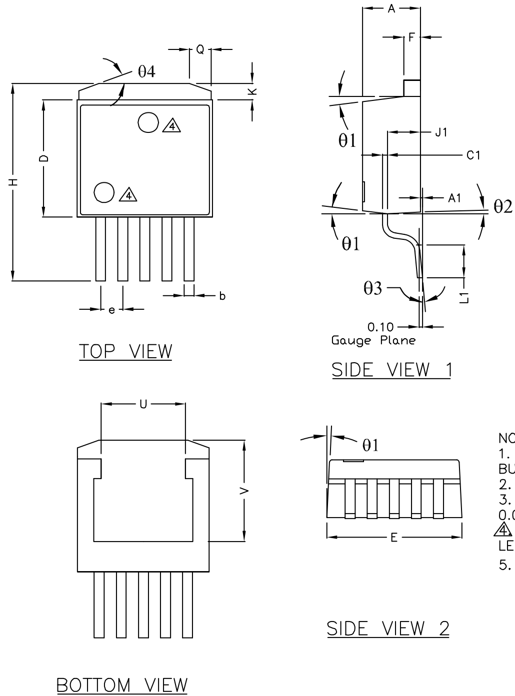
3-Pin TO-220 (T)



POS	INCH	
	MIN	MAX
A	0.160	0.190
b	0.025	0.040
C1	0.012	0.022
D	0.351	0.361
E	0.385	0.420
e	0.062	0.072
F	0.045	0.055
H1	0.560	0.595
J1	0.080	0.120
øP	0.146	0.156
Q	0.103	0.113
L	0.500	0.580
q1	3°	10°
q2	1°	7°
U	0.256 Ref.	
V	0.486 Ref.	

Note : Foot Length using gauge plane method measurement 0.010".

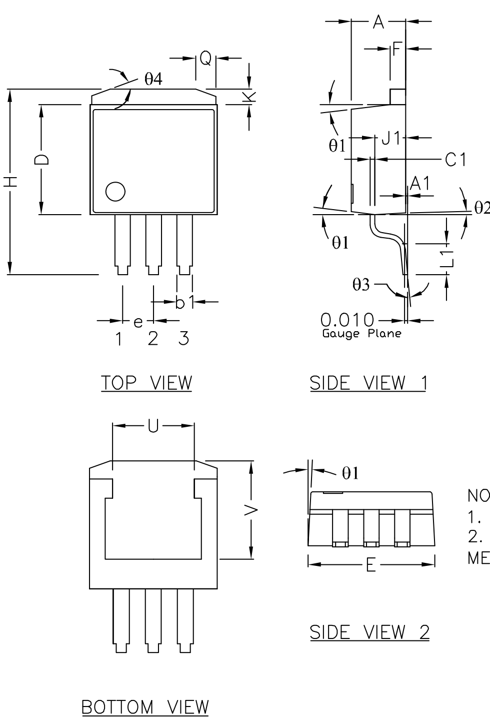
5-Pin TO-220 (T)



POS	INCH		MM	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.170	0.181	4.318	4.597
A1	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.305
b	0.026	0.036	0.660	0.914
C1	0.012	0.023	0.305	0.584
D	0.330	0.361	8.392	9.169
E	0.396	0.420	10.058	10.668
e	0.062	0.072	1.575	1.829
F	0.045	0.055	1.143	1.397
H	0.575	0.625	14.605	15.875
J1	0.080	0.120	2.032	3.048
K	0.045	0.066	1.143	1.676
L1	0.090	0.110	2.286	2.794
θ1	3°	10°	3°	10°
θ2	1°	7°	1°	7°
θ3	0°	8°	0°	8°
θ4	18°	22°	18°	22°
Q	0.055	0.075	1.397	1.905
U	0.256 Ref.		6.502 Ref.	
V	0.305 Ref.		7.747 Ref.	

NOTE:
1. PACKAGE OUTLINE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH & METAL BURR.
2. PACKAGE OUTLINE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING THICKNESS.
3. FOOT LENGTH USING GAUGE PLANE METHOD MEASUREMENT 0.010"
4. PACKAGE TOP MARK MAY BE IN TOP CENTER OR LOWER LEFT CORNER
5. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES/MILLIMETERS.

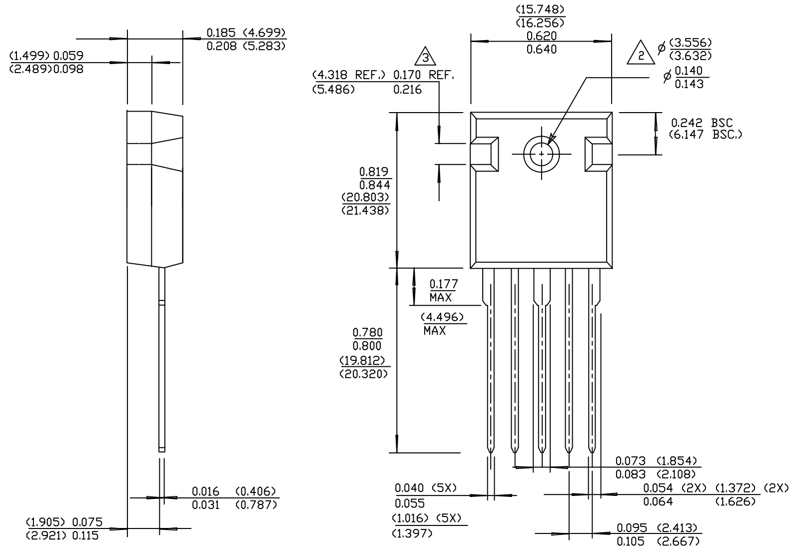
5-Pin TO-263 (U)



POS	INCH		MM	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.170	0.181	4.318	4.597
A1	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.305
b1	0.047	0.053	1.194	1.346
C1	0.012	0.023	0.305	0.584
D	0.330	0.361	8.382	9.169
E	0.396	0.420	10.058	10.668
e	0.095	0.105	2.413	2.667
F	0.045	0.055	1.143	1.397
H	0.575	0.625	14.605	15.875
J1	0.080	0.120	2.032	3.048
L1	0.090	0.110	2.286	2.794
K	0.045	0.066	1.143	1.676
θ1	3°	10°	3°	10°
θ2	1°	7°	1°	7°
θ3	0°	8°	0°	8°
θ4	18°	22°	18°	22°
Q	0.055	0.075	1.397	1.905
U	0.256 Ref.		6.502 Ref.	
V	0.303 Ref.		7.696 Ref.	

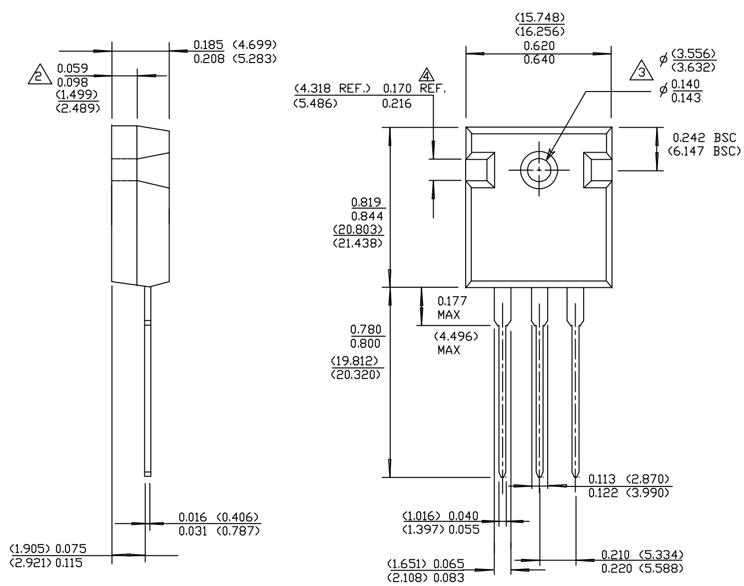
NOTES:
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES/MILLIMETERS.
2. FOOT LENGTH USING GAUGE PLANE METHOD MEASUREMENT 0.010".

3-Pin TO-263 (U)



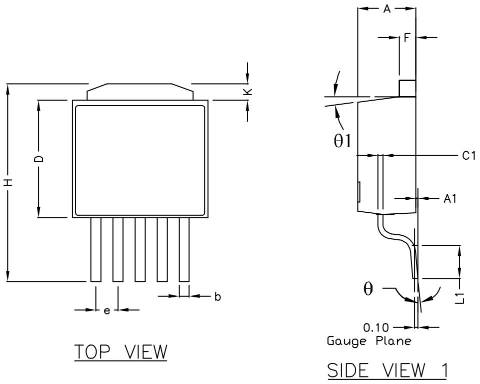
NOTE
1. CONTROLLED DIMENSION IS INCH. DIMENSION IN BLANKET IS MILLIMETER.
2. DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE END FLASH, MOLD FLASH, MATERIAL PROTRUSIONS.

5-Pin TO-247 (WT)

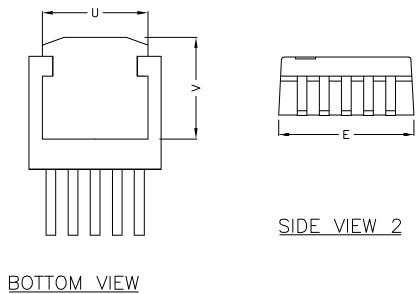


NOTE
1. CONTROLLED DIMENSION IS INCH. DIMENSION IN BLANKET IS MILLIMETER.
2. DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE END FLASH, MOLD FLASH, MATERIAL PROTRUSIONS.

3-Pin TO-247 (WT)



POS	INCH		MM	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.087	0.094	2.210	2.387
A1	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.305
b	0.023	0.026	0.584	0.660
C1	0.012	0.023	0.305	0.584
D	0.236	0.241	6.000	6.200
E	0.252	0.260	6.400	6.604
e	0.045	0.055	1.143	1.397
F	0.019	0.023	0.483	0.584
H	0.378	0.402	9.601	10.210
K	0.039	0.047	1.000	1.200
L1	0.055	0.065	1.397	1.651
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°
θ1	3°	10°	3°	10°
Q	0.055	0.075	1.397	1.905
U	0.206 Ref.		5.232 Ref.	
V	0.213 Ref.		5.415 Ref.	



NOTE:
1. PACKAGE OUTLINE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH & METAL BURR.
2. PACKAGE OUTLINE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING THICKNESS.
3. FOOT LENGTH USING GAUGE PLANE METHOD MEASUREMENT 0.010"
4. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES/MILLIMETERS.

5-Pin TO-252 (D)

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Revision History

Date	Change Description/Edits by:	Revisions
6/18/08	Locked document. M.Mclean	15
5/28/09	Unlocked document, removed some styles, minor formatting. M.Galvan	16
6/3/09	Fixed EC table font from 10pst to pts, moved Typ. App. drwg to front page	
7/23/09	Edited EC table and diagrams, added pin descriptions.	072309_AMSr1
9/18/09	Added EVB Circuit and BOM. Text added to Thermal Design section	091809_AMS
9/22/09	Removed EVB Circuit and BOM	092409_AMS
10/12/09	Update drawings and curves	Martha taken over for Mike